

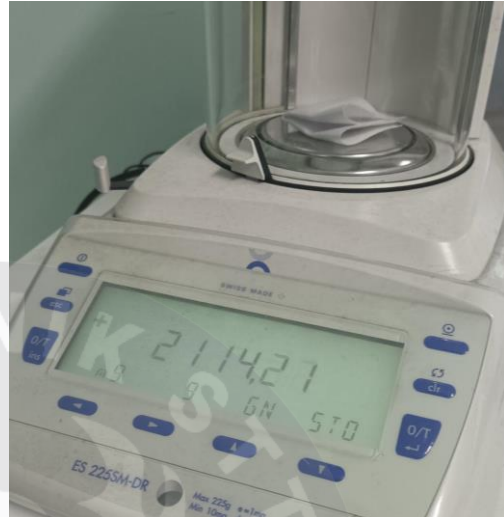
LAMPIRAN

1. Dekomposisi kain

Kain tenun poliester-rayon

Jenis anyaman: keper 2/2

Berat kain : 2,11 gr



Lampiran 1 Kain 10 x 10 cm dan berat kain 10 x 10 cm

Berat B. Lusi (10 helai) : 0,03002 gr

Berat B. Pakan (10 helai) : 0,03202 gr



Lampiran 2 Berat 10 helai benang lusi dan 10 helai benang pakan

Lampiran 3 Tabel tetal lusi dan paka

No	Tetal (helai/inch)	
	Lusi	Pakan
1	114	58
2	114	58
3	114	58
Σ	342	174
$\bar{x}$	114	58

Lampiran 4 tabel Panjang lusi dan pakan

No.	Panjang Benang (cm)	
	Lusi	Pakan
1	10,5	10,5
2	10,5	10,5
3	10,5	10,7
4	10,6	10,5
5	10,5	10,6
6	10,6	10,5
7	10,7	10,6
8	10,5	10,6
9	10,6	10,7
10	10,5	10,7
Σ	105,5 cm	105,9 cm
	1,055 m	1,059 m
$\bar{x}$	10,55 cm	10,59 cm

A. Perhitungan Benang Lusi

- Tetal : 114 helai/" = 44,88 helai/cm
- Jumlah Panjang 10 hl benang : 105,5 cm = 1,055 m
- Berat Benang 10 hl : 0,03002 g
- Panjang rata-rata 10 hl benang : 10,55 cm

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Mengkeret} &= \frac{\bar{x} \text{ panjang 10 benang} - \text{panjang kain}}{\bar{x} \text{ panjang 10 benang}} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{10,55 - 10}{10,55} \times 100\% = 5,2\%
 \end{aligned}$$

- $N_m = \frac{\text{Panjang (m)}}{\text{Berat (g)}} = \frac{1,055}{0,03002} = 35,14$
- $Ne_1 = 0,59 \times N_m = 0,59 \times 35,14 = 20,7$
- $Tex = \frac{1000}{N_m} = \frac{1000}{35,14} = 28,45$
- $Td = \frac{9000}{N_m} = \frac{9000}{35,14} = 256,11$

B. Perhitungan Benang Pakan

- Total : 58 helai/m = 22,8 helai/cm
- Jumlah Panjang 10 hl benang : 105,9 cm = 1,059 m
- Berat Benang 10 hl : 0,03202 g
- Panjang rata-rata 10 hl benang : 10,59
- Mengkeret = $\frac{\bar{x} \text{ panjang 10 benang} - \text{panjang kain}}{\bar{x} \text{ panjang 10 benang}} \times 100\%$
 $= \frac{10,59 - 10}{10,59} \times 100\% = 5,57\%$
- $N_m = \frac{\text{Panjang (m)}}{\text{Berat (gr)}} = \frac{1,059}{0,03202} = 33,07$
- $Ne_1 = 0,59 \times N_m = 0,59 \times 33,07 = 19,51$
- $Tex = \frac{1000}{N_m} = \frac{1000}{33,07} = 30,2$
- $Td = \frac{9000}{N_m} = \frac{9000}{33,07} = 272,14$

C. Berat Kain Contoh

- Berat per m² penimbangan = $\frac{100 \text{ cm} \times 100 \text{ cm}}{\text{ukuran kain uji (10x10) cm}} \times \text{berat kain uji (g)}$
 $= \frac{100 \times 100}{10 \times 10} \times 2,11 \text{ gr} = 211 \text{ g/m}^2$

- Berat per m² perhitungan

$$\begin{aligned} 1) \text{ Berat lusi per m}^2 &= \frac{\text{Tetal lusi/cm} \times 100 \text{ cm} \times 100 \text{ cm}}{Nm \times 100 \text{ cm/m}} \times \frac{100}{(100 - M_L)} \\ &= \frac{44,88 \times 100 \times 100}{35,14 \times 100} \times \frac{100}{(100 - 5,2)} \\ &= 134,73 \text{ g/m}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2) \text{ Berat pakan per m}^2 &= \frac{\text{Tetal pakan/cm} \times 100 \text{ cm} \times 100 \text{ cm}}{Nm \times 100 \text{ cm/m}} \times \frac{100}{(100 - M_L)} \\ &= \frac{22,83 \times 100 \times 100}{33,07 \times 100} \times \frac{100}{(100 - 5,57)} \end{aligned}$$

$$= 73,1 \text{ g/m}^2$$

Berat per m² penimbangan = B. lusi per m² + B. pakan per m²

$$= 134,73 + 73,1 = 207,852 \text{ g/m}^2$$

- Selisih berat = $\frac{\text{Berat besar} - \text{Berat kecil}}{\text{Berat besar}} \times 100\%$

$$= \frac{211 - 207,852}{211} \times 100\% =$$

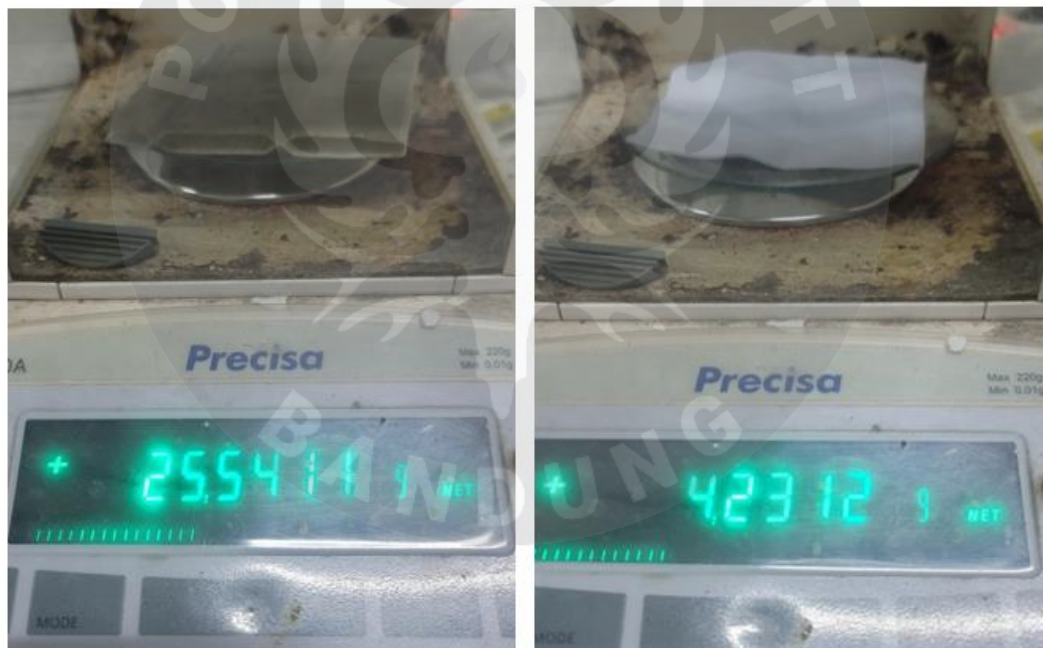
$$= 1,51\%$$

1. Fraksi Weight

$$\frac{B_{\text{komposit}} - B_{\text{kain}}}{B_{\text{komposit}}} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{25,5411 - 4,2312}{25,5411} \times 100$$

$$= 0,83$$



Lampiran 5 Berat komposit 10 x 10 cm dan berat kain 3D 10 x 10 cm

3. Burn Out Rayon

$$= \frac{B_0 - B_1}{B_0} \times 100\%$$

$$= \frac{2,1534 - 1,7587}{2,1534} \times 100\%$$

$$= 18 \% \text{ Rayon}$$



Lampiran 6 Berat awal kain dan berat akhir kain

4. Tensile Modulus

a) Tarik Horizontal Komposit

$$\text{Stress} = \frac{\text{Max Force (N)}}{\text{Luas Penampang (mm}^2\text{)}} = \frac{2137,83}{288,7056} = 7,40 \text{ Mpa}$$

$$\text{Strain} = \frac{\Delta L}{L_0} = \frac{15,245}{50} = 0,3049$$

$$\Delta L = \text{Sampel Length (mm)} \times \text{rata-rata max elongation (\%)} \\ = 50 \times 30,4 = 15,245$$

$$\text{Tensile modulus} = \frac{\text{stress}}{\text{strain}}$$

$$= \frac{7,40}{0,304} = 24,743 \text{ Mpa}$$

Test of Traction with MesdanLab Strength Tester

Customer Code **BELINDA** Test Code **HORIZONTAL** Date **10/3/2023 Time 3:51:01 AM**

Sample Description
 Parcel Lot Sample Number **3**
 Material
 Examiner
 Sample Length **50 [mm]** Load cell ID/FS [kg] **6 / 1000 X 1**
 Clamp Speed **50 [mm/min]** Pretension **0 [N]**
 Test Machine

Observations

Statistical Results of the Test

	Force [N]	Elongation [%]	Average Time of Breakage 18.2 [s]
Maximum	2292.879 (2)	36.600 (3)	
Minimum	2006.954 (3)	26.400 (1)	
Average	2137.837	30.400	
Range	13.375 [%]	33.553 [%]	
CV	6.758 [%]	17.909 [%]	
Deviation	144.485	5.444	
IC95%	163.497	6.161	
IC99%	214.873	8.096	

Results of Single Samples

Sample #	Max Force [N]	Max Elongation [%]	Time [s]
1	2006.95	26.40	15.8
2	2292.88	28.20	16.9
3	2113.68	36.60	22.0

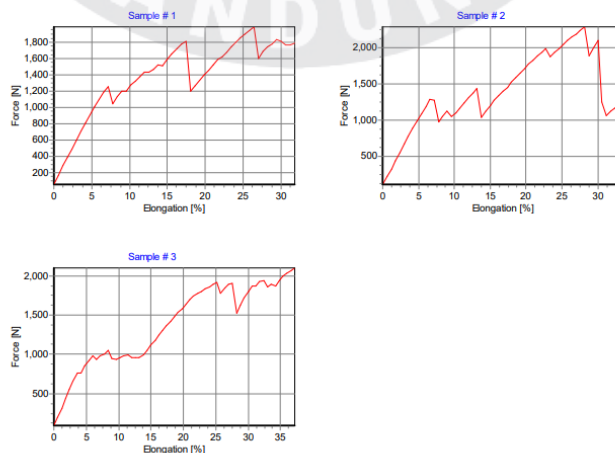
Lampiran 7 Hasil pengujian tarik komposit arah horizontal

Test of Traction with MesdanLab Strength Tester

Customer Code **BELINDA** Test Code **HORIZONTAL** Date **10/3/2023 Time 3:51:01 AM**

Sample Description
 Parcel Lot Sample Number **3**
 Material
 Examiner
 Sample Length **50 [mm]** Load cell ID/FS [kg] **6 / 1000 X 1**
 Clamp Speed **50 [mm/min]** Pretension **0 [N]**
 Test Machine

Observations



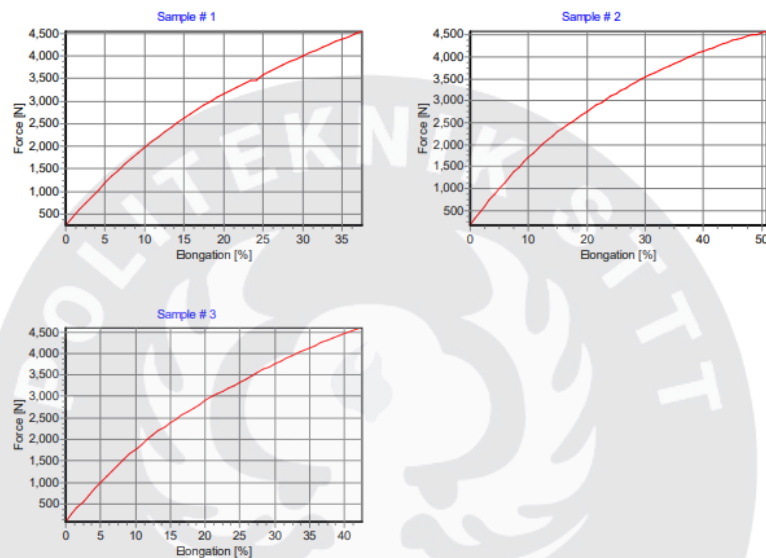
Lampiran 8 Grafik hasil pengujian tarik komposit arah horizontal

Test of Traction with MesdanLab Strength Tester

Customer Code **BELINDA** Test Code **VERTIKAL** Date **10/4/2023 Time10:43:57 PM**

Sample Description			Sample Number	3
Parcel	Lot			
Material				
Examiner				
Sample Length	36 [mm]	Load cell ID/FS [kg]	6 / 1000	X 1
Clamp Speed	50 [mm/min]	Pretension	0 [N]	
Test Machine				

Observations



Lampiran 10 Grafik hasil pengujian tarik komposit arah horizontal

4. Compress modulus

a) Tekan Horizontal

Crack 1

$$\text{Stress} = \frac{\text{Max Force (N)}}{\text{Luas Penampang (mm}^2\text{)}} = \frac{32,15}{100} = 0,3215 \text{ Mpa}$$

$$\text{Strain} = \frac{\Delta L}{L_0} = \frac{2,90}{10} = 0,29$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Compress modulus} &= \frac{\text{stress}}{\text{strain}} \\ &= \frac{0,3215}{0,29} = 1,108 \text{ Mpa} \end{aligned}$$

Crack 2

$$\text{Stress} = \frac{\text{Max Force (N)}}{\text{Luas Penampang (mm}^2\text{)}} = \frac{103,02}{100} = 1,030 \text{ Mpa}$$

$$\text{Strain} = \frac{\Delta L}{L_0} = \frac{3,99}{10} = 0,399$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Compress modulus} &= \frac{\text{stress}}{\text{strain}} \\ &= \frac{1,0302}{0,399} = 2,58 \text{ Mpa}\end{aligned}$$

b) Tekan Vertical

Crack 1

$$\text{Stress} = \frac{\text{Max Force (N)}}{\text{Luas Penampang (mm}^2\text{)}} = \frac{110,36}{100} = 1,1036 \text{ Mpa}$$

$$\text{Strain} = \frac{\Delta L}{L_0} = \frac{2,35}{10} = 0,235$$

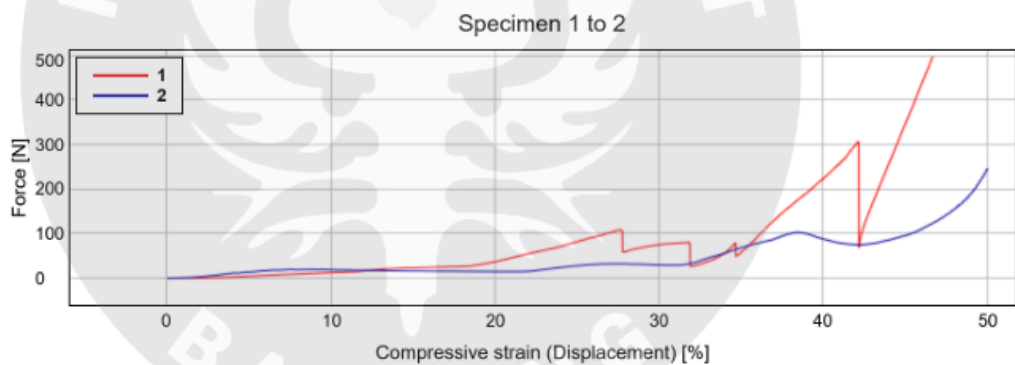
$$\begin{aligned}\text{Compress modulus} &= \frac{\text{stress}}{\text{strain}} \\ &= \frac{1,1036}{0,235} = 4,69 \text{ Mpa}\end{aligned}$$

Crack 2

$$\text{Stress} = \frac{\text{Max Force (N)}}{\text{Luas Penampang (mm}^2\text{)}} = \frac{308,13}{100} = 3,0813 \text{ Mpa}$$

$$\text{Strain} = \frac{\Delta L}{L_0} = \frac{3,58}{10} = 0,358$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Compress modulus} &= \frac{\text{stress}}{\text{strain}} \\ &= \frac{3,0813}{0,358} = 8,606 \text{ Mpa}\end{aligned}$$



Lampiran 11 Grafik hasil pengujian tekan komposit

2. Modulus Elastis Bending

$$\text{Stress} = \frac{3 \times 48,73 \text{ N} \times 160 \text{ mm}}{2 \times 10 \text{ mm} \times 7^2 \text{ mm}} = \frac{3 \times 48,73 \times 160}{2 \times 490} = \frac{23390,4}{980} = 23,86 \text{ Mpa}$$

$$\text{strain} = \frac{6 \cdot D \cdot h}{L^2} = \frac{6 \times 25,66 \times 7}{160^2 \text{ mm}} = 0,042$$

$$\text{Elastic modulus} = \frac{\text{stress}}{\text{strain}} = \frac{23,86}{0,042} = 781,19 \text{ Mpa}$$

RESULT OF BENDING TEST

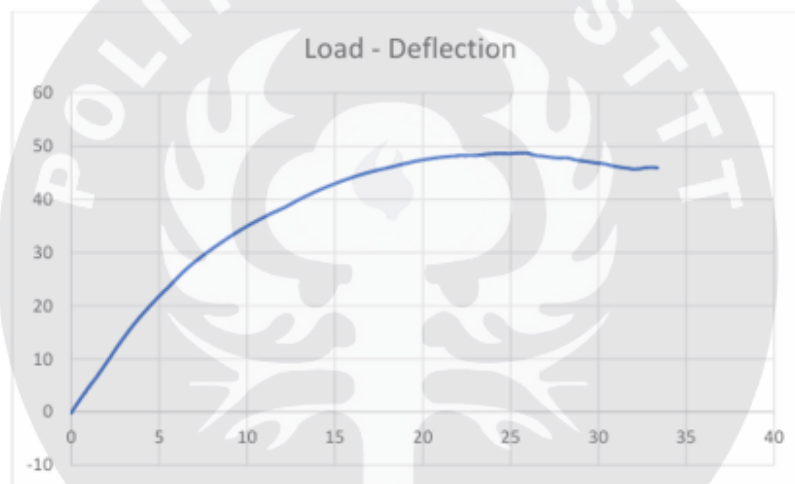
Customer Information

Belinda Azkalina
Mahasiswa/Dosen Non ITB
STT Tekstil Bandung

Characterization Information

Machine : Tensilon RTF-1310 / MSAT
Testing Code : TENS 0031
Amount of Sample : 1

No	Code	Standard	Dimension			Support Span	Max. Force	Deflection @ Max. Force
			L	W	T			
1	D	ASTM D790	220 mm	10 mm	7 mm	160 mm	48.73 N	25.66 mm



Lampiran 12 Hasil pengujian bending